INNER NORTH BELFAST

Neighbourhood Renewal Survey 2014







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Introduction and methodology

Background to the survey

The Northern Ireland Housing Executive (NIHE) is the regional housing authority for Northern Ireland. Part of its remit is to 'conduct or promote research into any matter relating to any of its functions'. Research for the NIHE is carried out by the Research Unit and this work assists the NIHE in informing policy and improving services.

One of the Research Unit's key on-going areas of research is its rolling programme of neighbourhood renewal surveys, carried out annually in a number of NIHE estates, regardless of tenure. Residents are invited to participate in the research; their views are a key source of information for local offices and community organisations trying to address the complex web of problems which characterise many of these estates.

In June 2003, the government launched "People and Place – A strategy for Neighbourhood Renewal". The strategy seeks to target those communities throughout Northern Ireland that are experiencing the highest levels of deprivation. It is also about bringing together the work of all government departments, in partnership with local people, to tackle disadvantage and deprivation in all aspects of everyday life. The total population affected by deprivation throughout Northern Ireland is approximately 280,000 (one person in six)².

The Neighbourhood Renewal Area (NRA) strategy falls within the remit of the Department for Social Development (DSD). In light of the NIHE's broad experience in undertaking research in Neighbourhood Renewal Areas, the DSD Neighbourhood Renewal team and staff from the NIHE's Research Unit met in November 2006 to discuss the DSD's objectives with regard to Neighbourhood Renewal areas and to see if there was sufficient overlap to allow the NIHE to undertake NRA surveys on the DSD's behalf. Following NIHE Board approval for its research programme in March 2007 – which included DSD-requested NRA research – representatives from the Research Unit met formally with the DSD and NISRA (Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency) on 8 May 2007 to develop a way forward. The DSD confirmed the following in relation to its 36 NRAs:

- i) the need to monitor change over time at NI level; that is, closing the gap between the 36 Neighbourhood Renewal Areas and the NI average;
- ii) the need to identify local level issues for people living in the 36 Neighbourhood Renewal Areas;
- iii) that there was a considerable overlap between the questionnaires used by the NIHE in its Neighbourhood Renewal Surveys and the issues the DSD wanted to explore;
- iv) that the DSD would like a small number of additional questions/amendments which, in the event, were acceptable to NIHE;
- v) That the top 10% of deprived neighbourhoods across Northern Ireland have been identified using the New Noble Multiple Deprivation Measure. Following extensive consultation, this resulted in a total of 36 areas being targeted for

¹ Housing (NI) Order 1981, Article 6

² DSD website Urban Regeneration - Neighbourhood Renewal (2001 Census of Population) - Mid-Term Review Feb 2011

action. The areas include 15 in Belfast, six in the North West and 15 in other towns and cities across Northern Ireland.

DSD and **NIHE** in partnership

Given the NIHE's experience in conducting similar household surveys in deprived areas, the DSD's Neighbourhood Renewal team formally requested NIHE's assistance in undertaking surveys in Northern Ireland's 36 NRAs. In consultation with the DSD and on the basis of its priorities, four NRAs were selected for study in 2013/14:

- South West Belfast
 - (Sandy Row, Lower Donegall Road, The Village, Roden Street)
- Inner North Belfast
 - (Duncairn, Limestone Road, Mountcollyer, New Lodge, Unity/Carrick Hill)
- Inner East Belfast
 - (Short Strand, Lower Newtownards Road, Albertbridge Road, Alberbridge/Beersbridge, The Mount, Woodstock Road, Lower Ravenhill Road)
- Outer West Derry/Londonderry
 - (Ballymagroarty, Hazelbank, Rosemount, Glen)

Conduct of the survey

The project management, design, quality assurance, analysis and report writing were the responsibility of the Research Unit. Fieldwork in the Inner North Belfast NRS commenced and was completed in February 2014. A random sample of 400 households from all tenures was selected of which 42 were vacant/derelict/demolished or non-residential leaving 358 within the survey scope. A total of 174 completed interviews were achieved giving a response rate of 49% (Appendix 1).

Survey objectives

The objectives of Neighbourhood Renewal Surveys are:

- to examine the housing history, tenure, aspects of the home and satisfaction with current dwelling;
- to ascertain intention to buy or transfer from the current NIHE/housing association dwelling;
- to investigate perceptions about the image of the area and personal safety;
- to gather opinions on the impact of crime and the extent of anti-social behaviour.
- to ascertain respondents' views on education;
- to determine the extent of local participation in and the impact of local Neighbourhood Renewal Initiatives;
- to investigate the socio-economic characteristics of the household.

The DSD requested two new objectives to be included into the forthcoming surveys;

- mental well-being assessment;
- public confidence in the police service.

Key findings

Socio-economic profile

Almost one-third (30%) of HRPs were in employment (20% worked full-time, 8% worked part-time and 2% were self-employed). More than one-fifth (22%) of respondents were retired and 22% were permanently sick/disabled.

Two-fifths of HRPs were in receipt of Housing Benefit (40%), more than onequarter in receipt of Disability Benefit (29%) and more than one-fifth in receipt of Retirement Pension (21%).

The main four household types were lone adult (27%); lone older (17%); lone parent (11%) and two adult (8%).

The majority (91%) of HRPs were white (NI level – 99%³). Eight per cent of respondents did not state the ethnicity of the HRP and 1% stated another ethnic origin.

The average household size was 1.84 (Northern Ireland average 2.48³).

Twenty-one per cent of all household members were aged under 16 (a slightly higher proportion to the NI level $-20\%^4$). A further 20% were aged 60 or over (NI level $-19\%^4$).

More than one-third (35%) of households surveyed had a gross annual income of less than £10,000 (10% had less than £5,000 and 25% had £5,000-<£10,000).

Almost half (46%) of respondents said they or someone in their household had a disability that limited their daily activities (NI level $-37\%^5$).

More than two-fifths (44%) of respondents said the religious composition of the household was Protestant and 42% were Catholic.

Characteristics of the home

The survey indicated a fairly high level of tenure mix; however, in terms of length of tenure there was a high level of residential stability.

Almost three-fifths (59%) of respondents lived in social housing (NIHE and housing associations); 31% were in owner-occupied accommodation and the remaining 10% rented privately.

More than three-fifths (70%) of respondents had lived in the Inner North Belfast NRA for more than 15 years (social housing 76% and owner occupiers 80%).

More than two-thirds (69%) of respondents lived in a house; the remaining 31% of respondents lived in flats/apartments (28%) or bungalows (3%).

Regardless of household heating system, the majority of respondents (98%) had full central heating in their home. The main heating source for homes represented in the survey was mains gas (66%) followed by oiled fired

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³ NISRA - Continuous Household Survey 2012/13

⁴ NISRA – Population and Migration Estimates (2012)

⁵ NI Survey of Activity Limitation and Disability 2007

heating with radiators (20%). Oil was the predominant home heating source at NI level (68%⁶).

There were high levels of satisfaction among respondents with various aspects of their heating system - the control over the level of heat (76%); the type of heating system (74%), the ease of using the system (73%), and the amount of heat you can get (71%). One-third (33%) of respondents were dissatisfied with the cost of running the heating system due to low household income.

Almost one-third (51; 29%) of respondents said they had been unable to adequately heat their home in the last 12 months. Low household income (33; 65%), the cost of domestic fuel (27; 53%) and money needed for other priorities (27; 53%) were factors contributing to respondents' inability to adequately heat their home.

Overall, more than two-thirds (70%) of respondents were satisfied/very satisfied with their home.

A very small proportion (3%) of respondents who are currently living in social housing intend to buy their home within the next two years.

Inner North Belfast NRA

The survey indicated moderate levels of satisfaction with the area and a perception that the area had not really changed, although there were a number of anti-social behaviour issues to be addressed.

Three-fifths (60%) of respondents agreed that they really felt part of the community and 56% felt proud to come from the area

More than half (51%) of respondents disagreed that they felt embarrassed to bring people to the area.

Almost one-third (28%) of respondents reported the area was changing for the better, 48% believed it was not really changing and 24% thought it was changing for the worse.

Almost one-third (32%) of people in Inner North Belfast NRA perceived the level of anti-social behaviour (ASB) in their area to be high. The equivalent figure for Northern Ireland is much lower at 13%⁷.

The main problems of ASB identified by respondents in the area were 'rubbish or litter' (49%); 'vandalism, graffiti and other deliberate damage to property or vehicles' (39%) and 'teenagers hanging around the streets' (39%). The most prevalent perceived ASB problems at Northern Ireland level were 'rubbish and litter' (26%) and 'people using or dealing with drugs' (23%)⁸.

The majority (85%) of respondents said they felt safe walking alone in the area during the day and 76% felt safe alone in their home at night. More than half (51%) of respondents felt safe walking alone in the area after dark.

⁶ NI House Condition Survey 2011

⁷ NICS 2011/12: Perceptions of Crime Research and Statistical Bulletin 2/2013

⁸ NICS 2011/12: Perceptions of Crime Research and Statistical Bulletin 2/2013

Policing in the Area

Almost three-fifths (57%) of respondents strongly or tended to agree that the police would treat you with respect if you contact them for any reason and almost half (49%) of respondents strongly or tended to agree that the police understand the issues that affect the community.

Neighbourhood renewal

The survey indicated fairly low levels of awareness of neighbourhood renewal and community involvement.

Four-fifths (80%) of respondents said they were not aware of physical changes that had improved the neighbourhood within the previous 12 months.

Almost half (48%) of respondents thought there were important issues that needed to be addressed in their neighbourhood. The most common issue that respondents said needed to be addressed in their neighbourhood was to 'deal with ASB' (27%); 'clean up the area' (16%); and 'leisure centre with facilities for elderly/youth' (12%).

The majority (86%) of all respondents were not aware of the Housing Executive's neighbourhood warden service.

Three-fifths (60%) of respondents said they did not know if their area had a community/residents' association; 32% said their area did have one and 6% said their area did not.

Almost two-thirds (65%) of all respondents said they would not consider joining a local community/residents' association, compared to 22% who said they did not know if they would join and 11% who said they would join.

More than two-thirds (69%) of respondents were not aware that their household lies within the Inner North Belfast Neighbourhood Renewal Area.

Well-Being

The Warwick-Edinburgh Mental Wellbeing Scale asks people to indicate how often they have felt a certain way on a range of items, such as feeling optimistic, feeling relaxed, thinking clearly, feeling confident and feeling cheerful

In Inner North Belfast, the mean score was 47, with mean scores for males (47) and females (48). This is similar to the Northern Ireland population mean score of 50 with the same mean scores for males and females (50).

Education

More than four-fifths (87%) of respondents agreed that 'children at school in Northern Ireland get a good education' (NI level -88%).

Almost three-quarters (74%) of respondents agreed that 'staying at school is important if you want to get a good job' (NI level - 84%⁹).

More than two-thirds (69%) of respondents agreed that they 'enjoyed their time at school' (NI level $-67\%^9$).

Almost one-quarter (39: 22%) of parent/legal guardians had one or more children of school age (4-18 years). Of these respondents, equal proportions (36; 92% in each case) agreed their child's school gives clear information on how their child was getting on and their child's school was welcoming to parents. Ninety per cent (35) of respondents agreed their child's school was well led and well managed and the same (35: 90%) agreed their child's school was a good school.

Almost all respondents (39; 97%) with children of school age agreed that making sure their child attends school regularly and on time is important.

The majority of respondents with children of school age (36; 92%) said helping their child with schoolwork was important.

More than one-third (14; 36%) of respondents said they would consider taking their child out of school during term time (NIOS 2010: 24%).

The vast majority (97%) of respondents with children of school age said they felt involved personally in their child's school life (61% very involved; 36% fairly involved).

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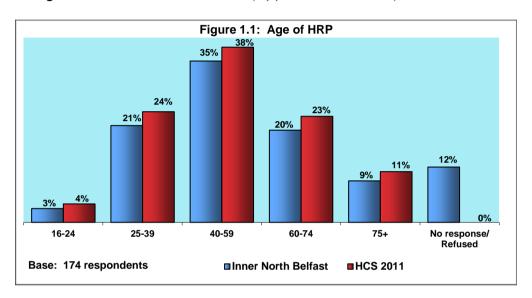
⁹ NISRA – NI Omnibus Survey 2011 – Education module

Socio-Economic Profile

This chapter details the socio-economic characteristics of households within the Inner North Belfast NRA.

1.1 Age of Household Reference Person/gender

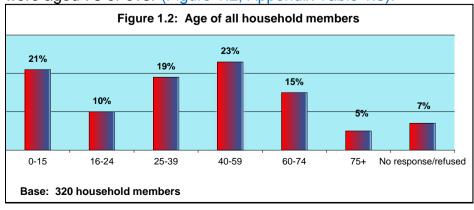
More than one-third (35%) of HRPs were aged between 40 and 59; 21% were between 25 and 39; 20% were aged between 60 and 74; 9% were aged 75 or older and 3% were aged between 16 and 24. Data from the Northern Ireland House Condition Survey (2011) are included in Figure 1.1 below for reference (Appendix Table 1.1).



More than half (52%) of HRPs were male and 40% were female. The remaining 8% of respondents did not provide information on gender. Analysis of gender by age shows that a higher proportion of male HRP were aged 60-74 (74%) than female HRPs (26%) (Appendix Table 1.2).

1.2 Age of all household members

In total, 320 individuals were identified as resident in the 174 households surveyed. Almost one-quarter (23%) of household members were aged 40 and 59, 19% were between 25 and 39; 15% were aged between 60 and 74; 21% were aged 15 and less and 5% were aged 75 or over (Figure 1.2; Appendix Table 1.3).

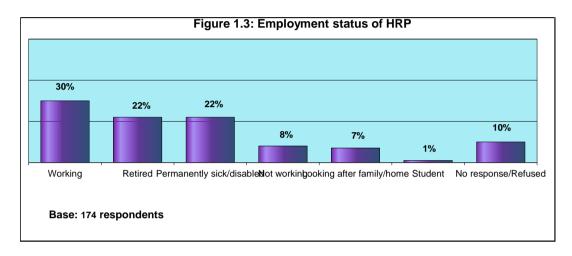


1.3 Average household size

The survey found that the mean household size in Inner North Belfast NRA was 1.84. The Northern Ireland average was 2.48¹⁰.

1.4 Employment status of Household Reference Person

Almost one-third (30%) of HRPs were in employment (20% worked full-time, 8% worked part-time and 2% were self-employed). More than one-fifth (22%) of respondents were retired and 22% were permanently sick/disabled. Eight per cent were not working and 7% looked after family home (Figure 1.3, Appendix Table 1.4).



1.5 Household type

Households were classified into eight types according to the number and ages of household members. Table 1A includes a description of each household type.

Table 1A: Household types and definitions (%)

	Inner North Belfast NRA 2014 %
Lone Adult (lone person below pensionable age - 65 years for men, 60 years for women)	27
Lone Older (lone person of pensionable age – 65 years for men, 60 years for women)	17
Lone Parent (sole adult living with dependent child(ren) <16)	11
Two Adult (two people – related or unrelated – below pensionable age)	8
Small Family (any two adults - related or unrelated - living with 1 or 2 dependent children < 16)	7
Large Adult (three or more adults - related or unrelated – and no dependent children <16)	7
Two Older (two people – related or unrelated - at least one of whom is of pensionable age)	6
Large Family (any two adults - related or unrelated - living with more than 2 dependent children < 16)	3
Not enough information supplied to classify household type	14
TOTAL	100

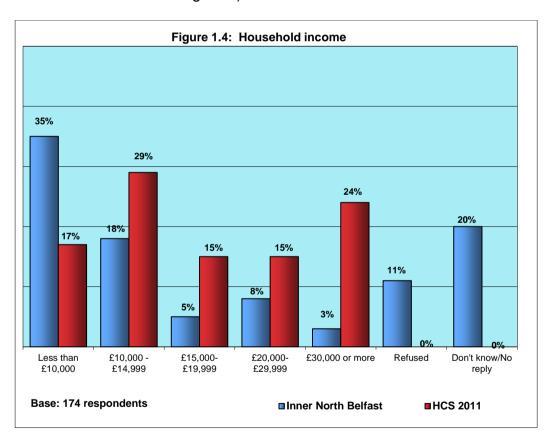
¹⁰ NISRA Continuous Household Survey 2012/13

Table 1A shows that lone adults (27%) were the predominant household type followed by lone older (17%), lone parent (11%) and two adult (8%) (Appendix Table 1.5).

1.6 Annual household income

This survey defines household income as the total annual income before tax of the Household Reference Person (HRP) and partner (if applicable), including all income from savings, employment, benefits and other sources.

More than one-third (35%) of respondents said their annual gross household income was less than £10,000; 18% had between £10,000 and £14,999, 5% had between £15,000 and £19,999, and 11% had £20,000 or more. Almost one-third (31%) of respondents either did not know or refused to give any details of their household income. Full income details are in Figure 1.4 and Appendix Table 1.6; data from the HCS 2011 are included in the graph below for comparison (Note: the HCS 2011 had no missing data).



1.7 Benefits

The main benefits received by HRPs were Housing Benefit (40%), Disability Benefit (29%) and/or Retirement Pension (21%). Table 1B and Appendix Table 1.7 detail the benefits received by respondents and their partners (51 partners) (if applicable).

Table 1B: Benefits received	Household Reference Person (%)	Partner (%)
Housing Benefit	40	2
Disability Benefit	29	6
Retirement Pension	21	20
Child Benefit	21	4
Child Tax Credit	14	4
Income Support	12	0
Pension Credit	12	4
Incapacity Benefit	12	0
Working Tax Credit	11	0
Jobseekers Allowance	9	4
Other, including Carer's Allowance	8	1

1.8 Long-term illnesses or disability

Almost half (46%) of respondents said they or someone in their household had a disability that affected their normal day-to-day activities. Of these respondents, more than four-fifths (71; 89%) said their household had one disabled member; 9 (11%) had two or more disabled members in the household (Appendix Tables 1.8 and 1.9).

1.9 Household religion

More than two-fifths (44%) of HRPs described the religious composition of their household as Protestant and 42% as Catholic. Two per cent described their religion as mixed (Catholic and Protestant). The remaining 7% stated that their household had another religion or no religion and 5% refused/omitted to state the religion of their household (Appendix Table 1.10).

1.10 Ethnic origin and nationality of Household Reference Person Almost all HRPs (91%) were white (Appendix Table 1.11).

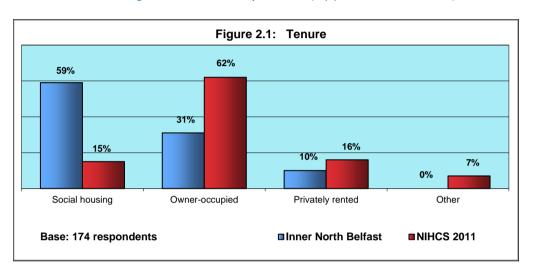
Almost half (49%) of HRPs were British, 29% were Irish and 11% were Northern Irish. A smaller proportion (3%) of respondents stated a nationality different to those mentioned previously (Appendix Table 1.12).

Characteristics of the home and area

This chapter presents an analysis of some of the characteristics of homes within the Inner North Belfast NRA, the tenure, length of tenure, satisfaction with aspects of accommodation and intention to buy or transfer to/from NIHE or housing association properties.

2.1 Tenure

Almost three-fifths (59%) of respondents were Housing Executive/housing association tenants. Almost one-third (31%) were owner-occupiers and 10% rented privately. Data at the Northern Ireland level from the Northern Ireland House Condition Survey 2011 are included in Figure 2.1 for comparison (Appendix Table 2.1).



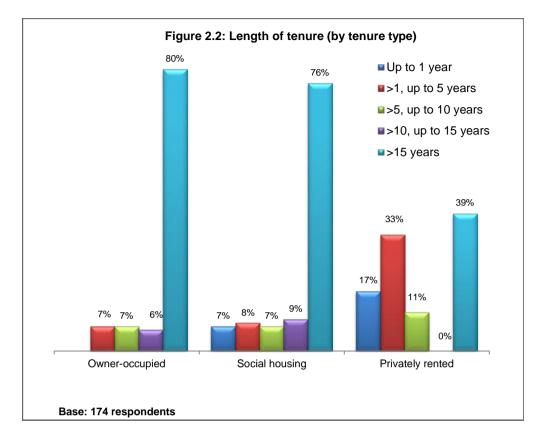
2.2 Length of time living in Inner North Belfast NRA

Almost three-quarters (70%) of respondents had lived in the Inner North Belfast NRA for 15 years or more and the remaining 30% of respondents had lived in the area for less than 15 years (Appendix Table 2.2).

2.3 More than three-fifths (61%) of respondents said they had lived within the Inner North Belfast NRA before moving to their present home. Thirteen per cent had lived outside the Belfast Council area and 11% had lived outside the Inner North Belfast Neighbourhood Renewal area but within the Belfast Council Area. A further 15% of respondents had never lived anywhere else (Appendix Table 2.3).

2.4 Tenure by length of time living in Inner North Belfast NRA

Analysis of length of tenure by tenure type shows that a higher proportion of people living in owner occupation (80%) than those in social housing (76%) had lived in the area 15 years or more. In the private rented sector there was a much higher level (64%) that had lived in the Inner North Belfast NRA for 1 year or more but less than five. Further detail is in Figure 2.2 and Appendix Table 2.4.



2.5 Dwelling type

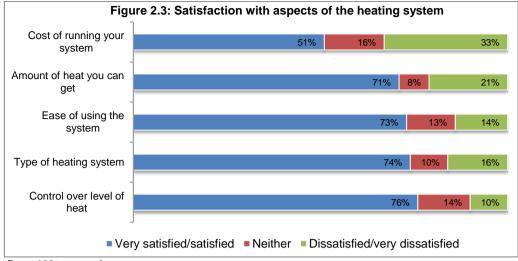
Almost three-quarters (69%) of respondents lived in houses; 28% in flats/apartments and the remaining 3% lived in bungalows (Appendix Table 2.5).

2.6 Heating system

Almost all households (98%) had full central heating. Equal proportions of respondents (1% in each case) had partial central heating or no central heating. The main heating source in two-thirds (66%) of homes was mains gas. One-fifth (20%) of respondents had oil fired heating with radiators and 11 % had Economy 7 heating (Appendix Tables 2.6 and 2.7).

2.10 Satisfaction with heating system

There were high levels of satisfaction among respondents with various aspects of their heating system - the control over the level of heat (76%), the type of heating system (74%), the ease of using the system (73%) and the amount of heat you can get (71%). One-third (33%) of respondents were dissatisfied with the cost of running the heating system (Figure 2.3; Appendix Table 2.8).



Base: 1664 respondentals

2.11 Ability to adequately heat the home

Almost one-third (51: 29%) of respondents said they had been unable to adequately heat their home during the previous 12 months. Low household income (33; 65%), the cost of domestic fuel (27; 53%) and also money needed for other priorities (27; 53%) were factors contributing to the difficulties experienced by those respondents who had been unable to heat their homes (Appendix Tables 2.9-2.11).

2.14 Satisfaction with home

Almost three-quarters (70%) of respondents were satisfied/very satisfied with their home; 13% were neither satisfied nor dissatisfied and 17% were dissatisfied/very dissatisfied. The main reason for dissatisfaction was 'repairs required' and 'health reasons, property not suitable' (Appendix Tables 2.12 and 2.13).

2.15 House sales and transfers

Respondents living in social housing (NIHE or housing association properties – 59%; 102 respondents) were asked about their intentions to purchase or transfer/exchange their dwelling. Only three tenants said they intended to buy their home during the following two years; the majority (94: 92%) did not intend to buy their home and 5% (5) were unsure (Appendix Table 2.14).

Transfer applications

Of the 97% of respondents in social housing who did not intend to buy their home, twelve (12%) had applied for a transfer from their present property during the previous two years. Of the respondents who had not applied for a transfer (88%) a small number (7; 8%) intended to apply for a transfer during the following 12 months. Most of those who wished to transfer wanted to stay within the local area (17 respondents) and the main reasons were 'ASB reasons' and 'property not suitable' (Appendix Tables 2.15-2.18).

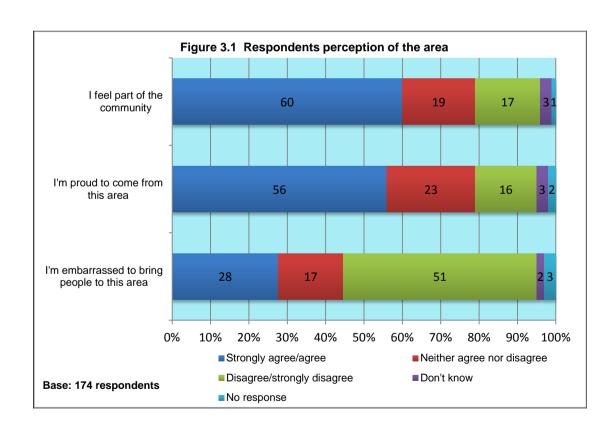
Inner North Belfast NRA

This chapter presents an analysis of data from questions aimed specifically at respondents' perceptions of life in the Inner North Belfast NRA, including opinion of the area, crime and anti-social behaviour and sense of community safety.

3.1 Perceptions about the area

Respondents were asked to state how much they agreed or disagreed with a number of statements related to their perceptions of the area (Figure 3.1; Appendix Table 3.1).

- Three-fifths (60%) of respondents agreed that they felt part of the community living in the area; 19% neither agreed nor disagreed and 17% disagreed.
- Almost three-fifths (56%) agreed that they were proud to come from the area; 23% neither agreed nor disagreed and 16% disagreed.
- More than half (51%) of respondents disagreed that they felt embarrassed to bring people to the area; 28% agreed and 17% neither agreed nor disagreed.



- 3.2 More than one-quarter (28%) of respondents thought the area overall was changing for the better; 48% thought the area was not really changing and 24% thought it was changing for the worse (Appendix Table 3.2).
- 3.3 Reasons given by the 28% (49 respondents) who thought the area was changing for the better included 'good area to live in and good housing' (12; 21%), 'renovation and new build' (9; 16%) and 'less ASB' (9; 16%). Among the 42% (24 respondents) who said the area was changing for the worse, the most common reason was 'increase of ASB in area' (30 respondents) and 'derelict dwellings' (9 respondents) (Table 3A; Appendix Table 3.3).

Table 3A: Perceived reasons why the local area is changing

Changing for the better			Changing for the worse			
	No.	%		No.	%	
Good area to live and good housing	12	21	ASB in the area	30	41	
Renovation and new build	9	16	Derelict dwellings	9	12	
Less ASB	9	16	Drug dealing in area	7	10	
People working together to improve the area	8	14	Too many private rentals and immigrants	7	10	
Area cleaned up and murals removed	6	10	Dogs fouling and barking	6	8	
More facilities	3	5	Shops closing and decline in population	4	6	
No comment	11	18	Others, no parking, rubbish; new Holyland's	7	10	
			No comment	2	3	

Base: 49 respondents who gave 58

reasons

Base: 42 respondents who gave 72 reasons

3.4 Perceptions about anti-social behaviour in Inner North Belfast NRA

Respondents were asked to rate how much of a problem different types of anti-social behaviour (ASB) were in their area within a 15 minute walk of their home. In line with the latest Northern Ireland Crime Survey 2011/12 (NICS), the following seven strands of ASB were used to form a composite measure ¹¹ to gauge the overall perceived level of ASB in Inner North Belfast NRA compared to Northern Ireland as a whole (Table 3.4A).

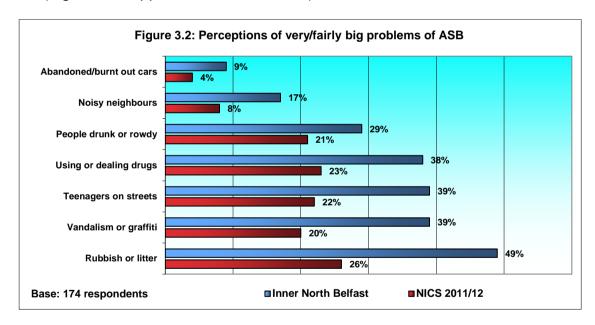
- 1. abandoned or burnt out cars;
- 2. noisy neighbours or loud parties;

Perceptions of ASB were measured using the NICS scale based on respondents' answers to the questions related to the seven ASB strands, as follows: 'very big problem'=3, 'fairly big problem'=2, 'not a very big problem'=1' and 'not a problem at all'=0. The maximum score for the seven questions was 21. Those respondents with 'high' levels of perceived anti-social behaviour scored 11 or more on this scale

- 3. people being drunk or rowdy in public places;
- 4. people using or dealing drugs;
- 5. teenagers hanging around on the streets;
- 6. rubbish or litter lying around; and
- 7. vandalism, graffiti and other deliberate damage to property.
- 3.5 Based on this composite measure, findings from this survey shows that 32% of respondents in Inner North Belfast NRA perceived the level of ASB in their local area to be high. The equivalent figures for Northern Ireland was much lower (13% ¹²) (Appendix Table 3.4B).
- 3.6 The two ASB types perceived by the largest proportions of respondents to be a very/fairly big problem in the local area were:
 - rubbish or litter lying around (49%); and
 - vandalism, graffiti and other deliberate damage to property or vehicles (39%).
 - teenagers hanging around on street (39%)

The most prevalent issues perceived as a very/fairly big problem at the Northern Ireland level ¹³ were:

- rubbish or litter lying around (26%); and
- vandalism, graffiti and other deliberate damage (21%) (Figure 3.2: Appendix Table 3.4A & B).



- 3.7 Findings from the Inner North Belfast NRA survey show that the lowest proportions of respondents perceived the following types of ASB to be problematic: 'abandoned/burnt out cars (17%) and 'noisy neighbours or loud parties' (9%).
- 3.8 Perceptions about the effect of 'fear of crime' on quality of life
 Respondents were asked to rate how much their quality of life was
 affected by fear of crime, on a scale of 1 to 10 where 1 being of 'little

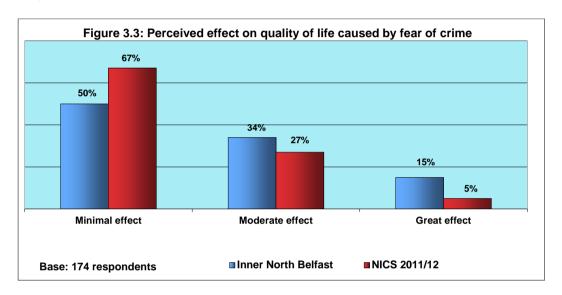
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NICS 2011/12: Perceptions of Crime Research and Statistical Bulletin 2/2013

NICS 2011/12 Perceptions of Crime Research and Statistical Bulletin 2/20123

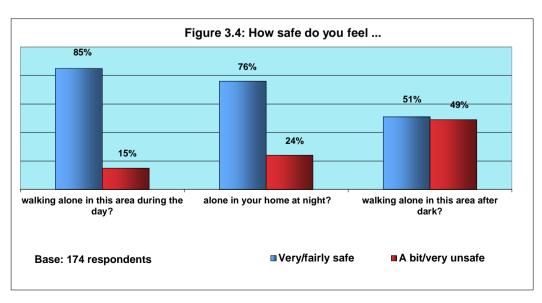
effect' and 10 'a total effect'. In order to standardise the results, the following conventions have been used to gauge the effect of 'fear of crime' on quality of life:

- 1. minimally affected (responded in the range 1 to 3);
- 2. moderately affected (responded in the range 4 to 7); and
- 3. greatly affected (responded in the range 8 to 10).
- 3.9 Half (50%) of the respondents in Inner North Belfast NRA felt that 'fear of crime' had a minimal impact on their quality of life (NICS 67%), more than one-third (34%) said it had a moderate effect and 15% considered that it had a great effect (Figure 3.3; Appendix Table 3.5) (NICS: 5% of respondents felt that fear of crime had a great effect on their quality of life).



3.10 Perceptions about personal safety

The majority (85%) of respondents said they felt safe walking alone in the area during the day. More than three-quarters (76%) felt safe in their own home when alone at night and more than half (51%) of respondents felt safe walking alone in the area after dark. Respondents' reasons for not feeling safe are detailed in the appendix tables (Figure 3.4; Appendix Tables 3.6-3.10).



3.11 Policing in the area

Respondents were asked to agree or disagree with six statements regarding public confidence with the police in their area (15 minute walk from their home). Respondents did not need to have had contact with the police to answer these questions.

Almost three-fifths (57%) of respondents strongly agreed or tended to agree that the police would treat them with respect if contacted for any reason; almost half (49%) of respondents strongly agreed or tended to agree that they understood the issues that affect their community and 45% stated that taking everything into account, they had confidence in the police in their area. One-fifth (20%) strongly disagreed or tended to disagree that the police could be relied on to deal with minor crimes and the same proportion (20%) strongly disagreed/tended to disagree that the police could be relied on to be there when you need them. Thirty-five per cent strongly agreed/tended to agree that the police are dealing with things that matter to people in the community (Table 3.11: Appendix 3.11).

Table 3.11 Police confidence in the area

	Stror tend agr	d to	Neither agree or disagree		agree or		Strongly /Tend to disagree				Don't Know/No response		Know/No		TOTAL	
	No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%						
The Police would treat you with respect if you contact them for any reason	99	57	32	18	13	8	30	17	174	100						
The Police understand the issues that affect this community	86	49	30	17	24	14	34	20	1774	100						
Taking everything into account I have confidence in the police in this area	77	45	38	22	30	17	29	17	174	100						
The Police treat everyone fairly regardless of who they are	76	44	37	21	28	16	33	19	174	100						
The Police could be relied on to deal with minor crimes	69	39	40	23	34	20	31	18	174	100						
The Police can be relied on to be there when we need them	66	38	36	21	35	20	37	21	174	100						
The Police are dealing with things that matter to people in the community	61	35	44	25	33	19	36	21	174	100						

Base: 174 respondents

Neighbourhood Renewal

This chapter analyses respondents' awareness of physical improvements to the area and recent neighbourhood renewal activity, assesses community involvement, measures satisfaction with services and identifies perceptions about other services, facilities or improvements needed in the Inner North Belfast NRA.

4.1 Physical changes within the Inner North Belfast NRA

Four-fifths (80%) of respondents were not aware of any physical changes, which had improved the neighbourhood within the previous 12 months. Physical changes identified by the remaining 20% (35 respondents) included 'new houses being built'; 'garden area and park improved' and 'repairs carried out in area' (Appendix Tables 4.1 and 4.2).

4.2 Important issues to be addressed in the neighbourhood

Almost half (48%) of respondents thought there were important issues that needed to be addressed (Appendix Tables 4.3). The most common issues were to 'deal with ASB'; 'clean up the area' and new 'leisure centre and facilities for elderly and youth'. A full breakdown of issues identified by respondents is in Appendix Table 4.4.

4.3 Facilities/services/activities in the area

Respondents were asked about their awareness and use of certain facilities in the area and whether anyone in their household would use them. The highest proportions of respondents were aware of mothers and toddler group (52%); youth activities (49%) and sports facilities (48%). Use of these facilities varied greatly as shown in Table 4A and Appendix Table 4.5.

Table 4A: Awareness and use of local facilities

	Percentage (%)				
	Aware of	Would use			
Mother and Toddler Group	52	21			
Youth activities	49	27			
Sports facilities	48	26			
Facilities for senior citizens	42	19			
Pre/extended school play group	39	30			
Adult education classes	36	16			

Base: 174 respondents

4.4 Services needed that were not already available

More than half (53%) of respondents gave examples of services or facilities needed in the area, 31 respondents (27%) said 'more facilities for young people and the elderly' and 20 respondents (17%) stated the need for a 'leisure centre in the area'. Responses were varied and are detailed fully in the appendix tables; however, almost two-fifths (39; 34%) of respondents did not state what services or facilities were needed in the area (Appendix Table 4.6).

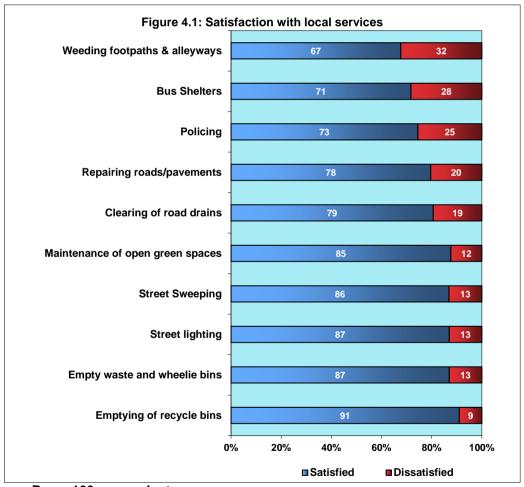
13/05/2014

4.5 Neighbourhood warden

The majority (86%) of respondents said they were not aware of the Housing Executive's neighbourhood warden service. Of the 14% of respondents who were aware, only a small number (9) had used the service and more than half (6) were satisfied with the service they had received (Appendix Tables 4.7-4.9).

4.6 General services within the area

Respondents were asked about a number of general services provided in the area and whether they found them satisfactory or unsatisfactory. Respondents were most satisfied with the emptying of recycle bins (91%); emptying of general household waste and wheelie bins and street lighting (87%). Respondents were least satisfied with the provision of bus shelters in the area (41%) and weeding of footpaths and alleyways (37%). The reasons for dissatisfaction were varied and are detailed in the appendix tables (Figure 4.1: Appendix Tables 4.10-4.31).



Base: 166 respondents
Base: 174 respondents

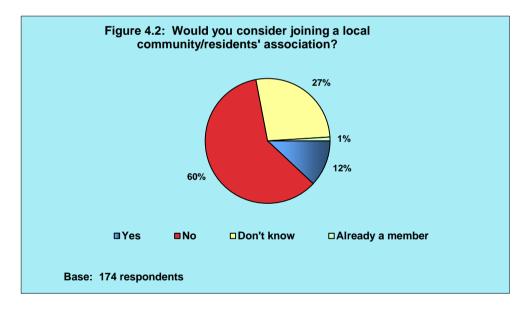
13/05/2014

4.7 Community/residents' associations

Three-fifths (60%) of respondents said they did not know if their area had a community/residents' association; 32% said they had and the remaining 6% said their area did not have one. Respondents who were aware of a community/residents' association in their area were asked to name it. Their responses are listed in the appendix tables (Appendix Tables 4.32 and 4.33).

Of the 56 (32%) respondents who said their area had a community/residents' association, almost three-fifths (59%) felt it was representative of the community as a whole; 11% said it was not representative and the remaining respondents (29%) did not know (Appendix Table 4.34). The reasons given by respondents who thought the community/residents' association did not represent the community are detailed in Appendix Table 4.35.

Almost two-thirds (65%) of all respondents said they would not consider joining a local community/residents' association and 11% said they would consider doing so. A further 22% of respondents were undecided and 2% were already a member of a local community/residents' association (Figure 4.2; Appendix Table 4.36).



4.7 Awareness of the local NRA

More than two-thirds (69%) of respondents had not been aware that their home was within the Inner North Belfast NRA. Of the 31% (54 respondents) who had been aware that their home was within the Inner North Belfast NRA, a small number (5) had contributed to the consultation process for the development of a neighbourhood renewal action plan.

The main reasons given by the 39 respondents who had not contributed to the consultation process were that they had not known about the consultation process (Appendix Tables 4.37-4.40).

Well-Being

The Warwick-Edinburgh Mental Wellbeing Scale (WEMWBS) asks people to indicate how often they have felt a certain way on a range of issues, such as feeling optimistic, feeling relaxed, thinking clearly, feeling confident, and feeling cheerful. A score is then assigned (minimum score of 14 and maximum score of 70) and the higher a person's score, the better their level of mental wellbeing.

5.1 In Inner North Belfast, the mean score was 47, with similar mean scores for males (47) and females (48). This is similar to the Northern Ireland population mean score of 50 with the same mean scores for males and females (50¹⁴) (Appendix Table 5.1. Although not directly comparable because this survey asked one respondent from a household rather than the general population it does provide a useful indication of the levels of well-being in the Inner North Belfast area under study (all tenures).

Scores were only collected from those who answered 6 or more of the questions - it must be noted that this score is based on the HRP (household reference person) however this may not be the person who completed the survey). (Source: Warwick- Edinburgh Mental Wellbeing Scale).

26

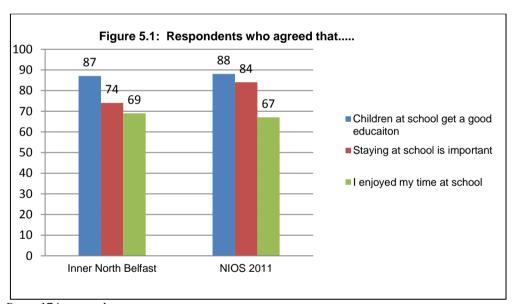
¹⁴ Health Survey Northern Ireland: First Results from the 2011/12 Survey: Bulletin 1

Education in Inner North Belfast NRA

One of the main objectives of the Neighbourhood Renewal Strategy is to improve educational standards. This survey sought to ascertain respondents' views on educational services for children and their personal experiences of, and opinions on, educational provision in Inner North Belfast NRA. The results of the latest education module of the 2010 Northern Ireland Omnibus Survey¹⁵ (NIOS) have been included for information.

6.1 General opinions about education

Respondents were asked how much they agreed or disagreed with a series of statements relating to education in general. More than four-fifths (87%) agreed that children at school in Northern Ireland get a good education (NIOS: 88%). Almost three-quarters (74%) of respondents agreed that staying on at school is important if one wants to get a good job (NIOS: 84%) and more than two-thirds (69%) of respondents agreed that they had enjoyed their time at school (NIOS: 67%) (Figure 5.1; Appendix Table 6.1).



Base: 174 respondents

6.2 Parents of children aged 4-18

The survey included a series of questions on education, directed at respondents who were the parent/guardian of children aged between 4 and 18 and attending school (39; 22% of all respondents in the survey). If respondents had more than one child of school age, they were asked to answer the questions with particular reference to the child with the nearest upcoming birthday (Appendix Table 6.2).

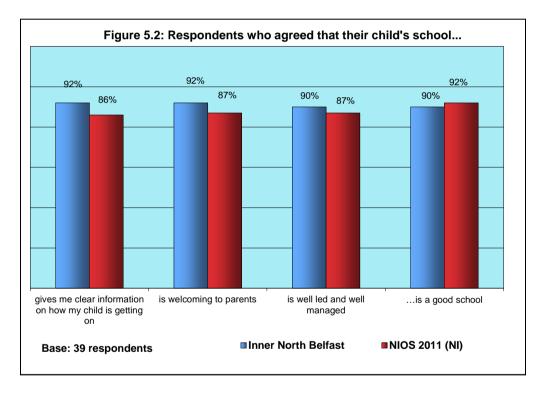
¹⁵ NISRA - Northern Ireland Omnibus Survey 2011 - Education Module

6.3 Primary/secondary education

More than one-third (14; 36%) of respondents with school-age children said their child was in primary education (Years 1 to 7) and 25 (64%) respondents said their child was in post-primary education (Years 8 to 14) (Appendix Table 6.3).

6.4 Parents' opinions on schools

Respondents who were parents of school-aged children were asked to state the extent to which they agreed or disagreed with a series of statements relating to their child's school. The majority (36; 92%) of respondents agreed that their child's school gives clear information on how their child is getting on and they found their child's school welcoming to parents (36: 92%). Equal proportions of respondents (35; 90% in each case) agreed their child's school is well led and well managed and their child's school is a good school (Appendix Table 6.4). Results from the NIOS 2011 are illustrated in Figure 5.2.



6.5 Importance of parental responsibilities regarding education

Almost all respondents (39; 97%; NIOS 2010 - 94%) who had schoolage children said making sure their child attends school regularly and on time was very/quite important. Almost all respondents (36; 92%; NIOS 2011 - 96%) said helping their child with homework was very/quite important (Appendix Table 6.5).

6.6 Term-time holidays

Almost two-fifths (14; 36%) of respondents with school-age children, reported that they would consider taking their child out of school during term time, for example, for a family break or holiday. This figure is higher than the Northern Ireland level as reported by the NIOS 2011, which found that 23% of parents would consider taking their child out of school during term time (Appendix Table 6.6).

6.7 Parental involvement

The majority (38: 97%) of respondents said they felt involved in their child's school life (NI level – 88%). Respondents reported different levels of involvement in their child's school, ranging from 36 (92%) attending parent-teacher meetings to three (8%) helping out with school clubs/classrooms. Findings from this survey and from the 2011 NIOS at Northern Ireland level are included for reference in Table 5A and Appendix Tables 6.7-6.9.

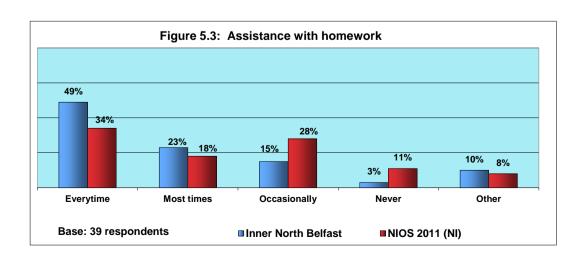
Table 5A: Type of parental involvement in child's school

	Percentages %			
	Inner North NIOS			
Activity	Belfast 2013	(NI)		
Attending parent/teacher meetings	92	85		
Helping out with dinner duties/school trips	21	0		
and so on	21	9		
Get involved with the Parent/Teacher	10	12		
Association (PTA)	10	12		
Helping out with school clubs/classroom	8	10		

Base: 39 respondents

6.8 Assistance with homework

Almost half (19; 49%) of respondents with school-age children said they help their child with their homework every time; 23% (9) of respondents said they help most times and 15% (6) of respondents said they help occasionally. This is illustrated in Figure 5.3, which also shows data at the Northern Ireland level from the NIOS 2011(Figure 5.3 and Appendix Table 6.10).



6.9 Confidence helping child with homework

Almost one-quarter (16: 41%) of respondents with children at school said they would feel confident most of the time helping their child with homework, 9 (23%) respondents said they would always feel confident. Ten (26%) respondents said they would feel confident some of the time and fewer respondents said it depends what the homework is (2: 5%). Findings from the 2011 NIOS are included for reference in the appendix tables (Appendix Table 6.11).

6.10 Children of primary school age

Of those 39 respondents with children who were still at school, 23 (59%) had one child or more between Year 1 and Year 7, i.e. at primary school (Appendix Tables 6.12 and 6.13).

Respondents with more than one child of primary school age were asked to think about their eldest child when answering the following questions:

Almost all respondents with children at primary school (22 out of 23) agreed that their child's school puts enough emphasis on reading and writing skills. (2011: NIOS 87%).

Most of this sub-sample of respondents (22 out of 23) agreed that their child's school puts enough emphasis on basic numeracy skills/sums (2011: NIOS 91%) (Appendix Table 6.14).

6.11 Working in schools

All respondents were asked if they had ever worked in a school: 10% said they had done so (Appendix Table 6.15).

Final Comment

7.1 Respondents were asked if they had any other comment they would like to make about life in the Inner North Belfast Neighbourhood Renewal area. A total of 89 respondents gave 107 comments of which 17 (16%) stated that they were 'happy living in the area and good community spirit' 'not enough housing in the area' (10: 9%) and 'lots of demolition and waste ground, needs regeneration' (10: 9%) (Appendix Table 7.1).

Appendix 1: Technical information

Survey methodology

The Housing Executive Research Unit sent each randomly selected household a self-complete questionnaire and letter explaining the objectives of the survey prior to doorstep visits by qualified researchers from the Housing Executive's Research Unit. Up to five attempts were made to achieve an interview at each issued address, unless a sampled household had notified the Research Unit that they did not wish to participate in the survey. At least one of the five attempts was made in the evening or at the weekend. Interviewers did not make calls on Sundays.

The sample and response rate

A total of 1299 properties were in the Inner North Belfast Neighbourhood Renewal Area, as identified by Pointer Address Data Base (GIS). The Housing Executive's Research Unit selected a random sample of 400 households from all tenures within the NRA using specialised software, IBM SPSS Statistics.

On completion of fieldwork, 66 addresses in the sample were identified as being ineligible due to being vacant, inaccessible or derelict, which reduced the valid sample to 336 addresses. A total of 174 completed interviews were achieved, giving a response rate of 49% (Table A1).

Table A1

Breakdown of response:								
	Number	%						
Original target sample	400							
Vacant/derelict/ inaccessible/demolished	35							
Non residential	7							
Revised target sample	358	100						
Refusals	48	13						
Non-contacts	136	38						
Actual interviews achieved	174	49						

Sample error

The proportion of respondents who gave a particular answer was only an estimate of the proportion of all potential respondents in Inner North Belfast NRA who would have given that answer, i.e. there was a margin of error, plus or minus, known as the sample error. Table A2 shows the margins of error for various percentages for a sample size of 174 at the 95% confidence level. The 95% confidence level means that if the same survey were to be carried out 20 times, exactly the same results would be obtained in 19 of those cases.

If, for example, the percentage cited in the report is 80%, the probable sample error is \pm 6.1%. Therefore, there are 95 chances in 100 that the true figure lies between 73.9% and 86.1%.

Table A2

Response: 174	Percentages									
	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
	or	or	or	or	or	or	or	or	or	
	95	90	85	80	75	70	65	60	55	50
Sample error:	3.3	4.6	5.4	6.1	6.6	7.0	7.3	7.5	7.6	7.6

Reporting conventions

Conditions regarding the inclusion of numbers and/or percentages in findings, depending on the size of the sample or sub-sample, are set out below:

- Where the sample, or sub-sample, is 100 or more, the textual analysis (i.e. the main body of the report) includes percentages only. The tabular analysis (i.e. the appendix tables) includes both numbers and percentages.
- Where the sample, or sub-sample, is 50 or more but less than 100, both the textual and tabular analyses include numbers and percentages.
- ♦ Where the sample, or sub-sample, is less than 50, both the textual and tabular analyses include numbers, but **not** percentage figures.

Since the total achieved sample in this survey is 174 and questions were directed at sub-samples of less than 100 and also less than 50 respondents, all of the above conditions apply to sections of both the textual and tabular analyses. However, in the case of the sub-sample group of respondents with school-age children (40 respondents), the Research Unit decided, due to the proximity to the normal cut-off figure of 50, it was acceptable to include percentage figures in the analysis for the benefit of the client.

DEPARTMENT FOR SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT AND NORTHERN IRELAND HOUSING EXECUTIVE | DSD | Department for Social Development Social Deve

INNER NORTH BELFAST NEIGHBOURHOOD RENEWAL SURVEY

The Housing Executive, on behalf of the Dept for Social Development is carrying out a survey of people living in the Inner North Belfast area. The aim of the survey is to understand your views of the type of housing you live in and your perceptions of the Inner North Belfast area as a place to live. The findings will be used by Government to assess the impact of the Neighbourhood Renewal Initiative.

All information given will be treated in the strictest confidence

Section 1 - You and your home

Q1. How long have you lived in the Inner North Belfast area?

Please circle one response only

Less than 6 months	1
6 months or more but less than 1 year	2
1 year or more but less than 5	3
5 years or more but less than 10	4
10 years or more but less than 15	5
More than 15 years	6

Q2. Where did you live immediately before your present home?

Please circle one response only

Within the Inner North Belfast area?	1
Outside the Inner North Belfast area but within the	2
(South West) Belfast City Council area	
Outside the (South West) Belfast City Council area	3
Have never lived anywhere else	4

Q3. Which of the following best describes your home?

Please circle one response only

House	1
Flat/apartment	2
Bungalow	3
Other, please specify here	4
1	I

Q4. Do you rent or own your home?

Please circle one response only

Trease circle one response only					
Rent from Housing Executive					
Rent from Housing Association					
Rent Privately	3				
Owner Occupier	4				
Purchased through Co-ownership	5				
Other, please specify here	6				

Q5. Do you have central heating in your home?

Please circle one response only

Yes – full		1
Yes – partial		2
No	•	3

Q6. What is your *main* source of heating?

Please circle one response only

Oil Fired with radiators	1				
Mains Gas	2				
Bottled/Tank gas	3				
Economy 7	4				
Electric fire (not Economy 7)	5				
Solid Fuel Open Fire (with radiators)	6				
Solid Fuel Open Fire (no radiators)					
Solid Fuel Glass Fronted Fire (with radiators)	8				
Solid Fuel Glass Fronted Fire (no radiators)	9				
Other, please specify here	10				

Q7. How satisfied or dissatisfied are you with each of the following aspects of your *main* heating system?

Please circle one response for each aspect of your main heating system

	Very satisfied	Satisfied	Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied	Dissatisfied	Very dissatisfied
the type of heating system	1	2	3	4	5
the cost of running your system	1	2	3	4	5
the amount of heat that you can get	1	2	3	4	5
the control over the level of heat	1	2	3	4	5
the ease of use of the system	1	2	3	4	5

Q8. In the last 12 months, have you ever been unable to adequately heat your home?

	Please	e circle one response only
Yes	1	»Continue to question 9
No	2	»Go to question 10

Q9. Thinking about the last occasion, which of the following factors were responsible for your inability to adequately heat your home?

Please circle one answer for each line

	Yes	No
The cost of domestic fuel	1	2
Low household income	1	2
Money needed for other priorities	1	2
Other, please specify here	1	2

Q10. Overall, how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with your home?

Please circle one response only

Very satisfied	1	
Quite satisfied	2	» Go to Section 2
Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied	3	
Dissatisfied	4	» Continue to question 11
Very dissatisfied	5	

Q11. If dissatisfied, can you please tell us your *main* reasons why?

1.	
2.	

Section 2 - Future Intentions

THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS ARE FOR **HOUSING EXECUTIVE AND HOUSING ASSOCIATION TENANTS ONLY**. IF YOU ARE <u>NOT</u> A HOUSING EXECUTIVE/ ASSOCIATION TENANT PLEASE GO TO <u>SECTION 3</u>

Q1. Do you intend within the next 2 years to buy your home from the Housing Executive/Housing Association?

Please circle one response only

Yes	1	» Go to Section 3
No	2	» Continue to question 2
Don't know	3	» Continue to question 2

Q2. Have you applied in the last 2 years to the Housing Executive/Housing Association for a transfer from your present property?

Please circle one response only

Yes	1	» Go to question 4
No	2	» Continue to question 3

Q3. Do you intend within the next 12 months to apply for a Housing Executive/Housing

Association transfer?

Please circle one response only

Yes	1	» Continue to question 4
No	2	» Go to Section 3

Q4. If Yes, where do you wish to transfer to?

Please circle one response only

Within the Inner North Belfast area?	1
Outside the Inner North Belfast area but within the (South West) Belfast City Council area	2
Outside the (South West) Belfast City Council area	3

Q5. What are your *main reasons* for applying for a transfer?

	1.				
	2.				
	۷.				
-	<u> </u>				
	3.				
1					

Section 3 – Your Neighbourhood

THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS ARE FOR ALL RESPONDENTS

Q1. To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements about your area?

			Please cii	rcle one res	ponse on e	ach line
	Strongly	Agree	Neither	Disagree	Strongly	Don't
	agree	a little	/ nor	a little	disagree	know
I really feel part of the community, living in this area	1	2	3	4	5	6
I'm embarrassed to bring people to this area	1	2	3	4	5	6
I feel proud to come from this area	1	2	3	4	5	6

Q2. Would you say that, overall, this area is...

Please circle one response only

Changing for the better	1	» Continue to question 3
Not really changing	2	» Go to question 4
Changing for the worse	3	» Continue to question 3

Q3. Why do you say that?

1.		
2.		
3.		

Q4. For the following types of anti-social behaviour, can you tell me how much of a problem they are in your area? By area we mean within a 15 minute walk.

Please circle one answer on each line

	Very big problem	Fairly big problem	Not a very big problem	No problem at all
Noisy neighbours or loud parties	3	2	1	0
Teenagers hanging around on streets	3	2	1	0
Rubbish or litter lying about	3	2	1	0
Vandalism, graffiti and other deliberate damage to property or vehicles	3	2	1	0
People using or dealing in drugs	3	2	1	0
Abandoned or burnt out cars	3	2	1	0
People being drunk or rowdy in public places	3	2	1	0

Q5. How much is your own quality of life affected by fear of crime on a scale from 1 to 10, where 1 is no effect and 10 is a total effect on your quality of life?

					Plea	ase circ	cle one	respon	se only
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

Q6. How safe do you feel walking alone in this area after dark? (by area we mean within a 15-minute walk). If you never go out alone at night, how safe **would** you feel?

Please circle one response only

Very safe	Fairly safe	A bit unsafe	Very unsafe
1	2	3	4
» Go to q	uestion 8	» Continue t	o question 7

Q7. Why do you feel unsafe walking alone in this area after dark?

Please circle one response only

Too old	1
Ill/sick/disabled	2
Family responsibilities	3
Fear of being mugged or physically attacked	4
Fear of burglary/vandalism	5
Fear of becoming a victim of crime	6
Fear of being subject to or witnessing anti-social behaviour	7
Fear of receiving verbal abuse	8
Young people hanging around	9
People using or dealing drugs	10
Other, please specify here	11

Q8. How safe do you feel walking alone in this area during the day? If you never go out alone during the day, how safe **would** you feel?

Please circle one response only

» Go to qu	estion 10	» Continue t	o guestion 9
1	2	3	4
Very safe	Fairly safe	A bit unsafe	Very unsafe

Q9. Why do you/would you feel unsafe walking alone in this area during the day?

Please circle one response only

Too old	1
Ill/sick/disabled	2
Family responsibilities	3
Fear of being mugged or physically attacked	4
Fear of burglary/vandalism	5
Fear of becoming a victim of crime	6
Fear of being subject to or witnessing anti-social behaviour	7
Fear of receiving verbal abuse	8
Young people hanging around	9
People using or dealing drugs	10
Other, please specify here	11

Q10. How safe do you feel when you are alone in your own home at night? NB – if you are never alone at night, how safe would you feel if you **were** alone in your home at night?

Please circle one response only

Very safe	Fairly safe	A bit unsafe	Very unsafe	
1	2	3	4	

POLICING IN THE AREA

The NI Housing Executive works in partnership with other agencies including the police in order to reduce crime, anti-social behaviour and fear of crime. Public confidence in the police is an important aspect in achieving this and hence we're interested your responses to the following questions.

Q11. How much do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements about the police in your area? You don't need to have had contact with the police to answer these questions and again, by area we mean within a 15-minute walk from your home.

	Strongly agree	Tend to agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Tend to disagree	Strongly disagree	Don't know
They (the police in this area) can be relied on to be there when you need them.	1	2	3	4	5	6
They (the police in this area) would treat you with respect if you had contact with them for any reason.	1	2	3	4	5	6
They (the police in this area) treat everyone fairly regardless of who they are	1	2	3	4	5	6
They (the police in this area) can be relied on to deal with minor crimes	1	2	3	4	5	6
They (the police in this area) are dealing with the things that matter to people in this community	1	2	3	4	5	6
Taking everything into account I have confidence in the police in this area	1	2	3	4	5	6

Please go to Section 4.

Section 4 - Neighbourhood Renewal

Q1.	Are you aware of any physical changes that have <i>Improved</i> your neighbourhood in the
	last 12 months?

Please circle one response only

Yes 1 > Continue to question 2

No 2 > Go to question 3

\sim	16		!		_ C _ L	1		!			
Q2.	IT VAS	niease r	าเพอเ	retalle i	nt the	ması	recent	improvem	enis in	vour	area
QZ.	II y CJ,	picase c	41 V C \	actuns (01 1110	111031	I CCCIII		ciito to	you	ui cu

1		
2.		
3.		

Q3. Are there any important issues in your neighbourhood that you think need to be addressed?

Please circle one response only

Yes
1
No
2
Solution 4
Solution 5

- Q4. What are the most important issues in your neighbourhood that you would like to see addressed? Please limit your responses to 3 issues.
 - 1.

 2.

 3.

TO ALL RESPONDENTS

Q5 Here is a list **of facilities and services** *In the area*. Please tell us whether you aware of the facility/service in your area *(Part A)*. And if yes, you are aware, do you or household members use these facilities *(Part B)*.

	Par	t A	Part B		
	Aware of the facilities/servio		If yes, do you or household members use these facilities		
Mother/Toddler & Childcare Facilities	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Pre/Extended School Facilities	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Youth Facilities	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Facilities for Senior Citizens	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Education Classes	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Sports Facilities	Yes	No	Yes	No	

Q6.	We are interested in obtaining your views on what facilities, services or activities you would
	like to see provided in the area that are not already available.

1		
2		
3		

Q7. Do you know about the neighbourhood warden service provided by the Housing Executive? Please circle one response only

Yes	1	» Continue to question 8
No	2	» Go to question 11

Q8. Have you ever used the service?

Please circle one response only

٠-	sace en ele elle respense elle						
	Yes	1	» Continue to question 9				
	No	2	So to question 11				

Q9. How satisfied or dissatisfied were you with the service you received?

Please circle one response only

Please circle one response on	'iy	
Very satisfied	1	
Quite satisfied	2	» Go to question 11
Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied	3	
Dissatisfied	4	» Continue to question 10
Very dissatisfied	5	

Q10.	If dissatisfied,	how could	the service	be improved?	(please specify)
------	------------------	-----------	-------------	--------------	------------------

1.			
2.			

Q11. Here is a list of general services *in the area*. Please tell us whether the service is satisfactory or unsatisfactory in Part A and if it is unsatisfactory, **please give your main reason why in Part B.**

	P	art A	Part B
	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory	Why unsatisfactory
Emptying of general household waste wheelie bins	1	2	
Emptying of recycling bins	1	2	
Repairing of roads & pavements	1	2	
Street sweeping	1	2	
Clearing of road drains	1	2	
Street lighting	1	2	
Policing in the area	1	2	
Bus services	1	2	
Provision of bus shelters	1	2	
Maintenance of open green areas	1	2	
Weeding of footpaths and alleyways	1	2	

Q12. Does your area have a local Community/Residents' Association?

Please circle one res	sponse only	
Yes	1	» Continue to question 13
No	2	» Go to question 16
Don't know	3	» Go to question 16

Q13.	If yes, please state the name of your local Community/Residents Association.

Q14. Do you feel the local Community/Residents Association is representative of the local community as a whole?

Please circle one response only

Yes		, 1	» Go to question 16
No		2	» Continue to question 15
Don't k	now	3	» Go to question 16

Q15. If no – please give your main reasons why?

Q16. Would you consider joining a local Community/Residents Association?

Please circle one response only

Yes	1
No	2
Don't know	3
Already a member	4

Neighbourhood Renewal is a partnership between all government departments, agencies, communities and others to work together to close the gap between the quality of life for those living in the most disadvantaged areas with the rest of Northern Ireland. Your household has been selected to participate in this survey because you live within the Inner North Belfast Neighbourhood Renewal Area.

To all respondents

Q17. Were you aware that your household lies within the *Inner North Belfast Neighbourhood* Renewal Area?

Please circle one response only

Yes	1	» Continue to question 18
No	2	» Go to Section 5

Q18. Neighbourhood Renewal Action Plans have been developed for your area. Did you contribute to the consultation process for the development of the Neighbourhood Renewal action plan for your area?

Please circle one response only

Yes	1	» Continue to question 19
No	2	» Go to question 20
Don't know	3	» Go to Section 5

Renewal Consultation Exercise?	The Neighbourhood
	» Go to Sect 5
If no, please tell us your main reason why you did not contribute process?	to the consultation
	Go to Sect

SECTION 5: WELL-BEING

TO ALL RESPONDENTS

Below are some statements about feelings and thoughts.

Q1 Please indicate for each of the seven statements that is closest to how you feel over the

last 2 weeks? (Notice the higher number means better well-being)

Please circle one response for each line

STATEMENTS	None of the time	Rarely	Some of the time	Often	All of the time
I've been feeling optimistic about the future	1	2	3	4	5
I've been feeling useful	1	2	3	4	5
I've been feeling relaxed	1	2	3	4	5
I've been dealing with problems well	1	2	3	4	5
I've been thinking clearly	1	2	3	4	5
I've been feeling close to other people	1	2	3	4	5
I've been able to make up my own mind about things	1	2	3	4	5

Section 6 - Education

One of the main objectives of Neighbourhood Renewal is to improve educational standards. The Department of Social Development want high quality educational services for children and are interested in your personal experiences of, and opinions on, educational provision where you live.

To all respondents

Q1. How much do you agree or disagree with each of these statements about education?

	Please circle one answer on each line					
	Strongly	Agree	Neither	Disagree	Strongly	Don't
	agree	a little	agree /	a little	disagree	know
			nor			
			disagree			
Children at school in	1		2	4	F	0
Northern Ireland get a good education.	ı	2	3	4	5	8
Staying on at school is	4		0	4	-	0
important if you want to get a good job.	l	2	3	4	5	8
I enjoyed my time at school.	1	2	3	4	5	8

Q2. Are you or your partner the parent or legal guardian of any children between the ages of 4 and 18 who are at school?

Yes1» Continue to question 3No2» Go to question 15

To respondents with school age children

Q3. The following questions are about education. We now need you to select one child in the household for you to consider when answering these education questions. Please follow the instructions from the grid below.

If you have one child aged between 4 and	» Go to question 4
18 who is at school	
If you have more than one child aged	Please choose the child whose birthday
between 4 and 18 who is at school	is next and continue to question 4.

Q4. What year is this child in at school?

Please tick one box for the child selected at question 3

P 1	P 2	P 3	P 4	P 5	P 6	P 7	1 st Yea r	2 nd Yea r	3 rd Yea r	4 th Yea r	5 th Yea r	Lowe r 6 th	Uppe r 6 th

Questions 5 to 11 are in relation to the child selected at Q3

Q5. Please indicate the extent to which you agree or disagree with the following statements.

Please circle one answer on each line

	Thease clittle one answer on each line					
	Strongly	Agree	Neither	Disagree	Strongly	Don't
	agree	a little	agree nor disagree	a little	disagree	know
I find my child's school welcoming to parents	1	2	3	4	5	8
My child's school gives me clear information on how my child is getting on	1	2	3	4	5	8
My child's school is well led and well managed	1	2	3	4	5	8
My child's school is a good school	1	2	3	4	5	8

Q6. Here is a list of responsibilities parents have told the Department of Education about. For each one can you tell us how important it is to you?

Please circle one answer on each line

	Very	Quite	Not very	Not at all	Don't
	important	important	important	important	know
Making sure your child attends school regularly and on time.	1	2	3	4	8
Helping your child with schoolwork	1	2	3	4	8

Q7. Sometimes parents take their child out of school during term time, for example on a family break or holiday. Would you consider doing this yourself?

Please circle one response only

. ,	
Yes	1
No	2

Q8. How involved do you personally feel in your child's school life?

Please circle one response only

Very	Fairly	Not very	Not at all
involved	involved	involved	involved
1	2	3	4

Q9. Thinking of your involvement with your child's school, which (if any) of the following activities do you do?

Please circle one answer on each line

	Yes	No
Go to parent teacher meetings	1	2
Help out in the classroom	1	2
Help out with dinner duties/school trips and so on	1	2
Help out with school clubs	1	2
Get involved with the Parent Teacher Association (PTA)	1	2
None of these	1	2
Other, <i>please specify</i>	1	2

Q10. How often do you help your child with their homework?

Doesn't get homework	1
Every time	2
Most times	3
Occasionally	4
Never	5
When the child asks for help	6

Q11. How confident do you/would you feel helping your child with their homework?

Please circle one response only

Always confident Confident most		Confident some	Never	Depends what it
	of the time	of the time	confident	is
1	2	3	4	5

Q12. The next question applies only to respondents who are the parent/guardian of a child or children in primary school, from Year 1 (P1) to Year 7 (P7).

If you have one child in Primary School	» Go to question 13
If you have more than one child in primary	» Please choose the eldest of these
school	children and continue to question 13.

Q13. What year is this child in at school?

Please tick one box for the child selected at question 12

P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7

Q14. Please indicate the extent to which you agree or disagree with the following statements (about the child in primary school between years 1 and 7)

Please circle one answer on each line

	Strongly	Agree a	Neither	Disagree	Strongly	Don't
	agree	little	agree nor	a little	disagree	know
			disagree		_	
My child's school puts enough emphasis on reading and writing skills	1	2	3	4	5	8
My child's school puts enough emphasis on basic numeracy skills/sums	1	2	3	4	5	8

To all respondents

Q15. Have you ever worked in a school?

Please circle one response only

noic one response only		
Yes	1	
No	2	

It would be very helpful to the research if you could provide some details about yourself and the people who live with you

Under the Disability Discrimination Act (1995) a "disabled person" is defined as a person with:

"A physical or mental impairment which has a substantial and long term adverse effect on a person's ability to carry out normal day to day activities".

Day to day activities are normal activities carried out by most people on a regular basis. The affect of the disability must have lasted at least 12 months, or are likely to last at least 12 months or for the rest of the life of the person affected.

Q1. Does any member of your household have a disability which affects their normal day to day activities?

Please circle one response only

Yes	1	» Continue to question 2
No	2	≫ Go to question 3

Q2. How many members of your household have a disability that affects their normal day to day activities?

Please circle one response only				
1	2	3+		

Q3 How many people live in this household?

En	nter number	

Now please go to question 4

Q4. Could you please complete the following table and provide details of everyone who lives here and how they are related to the **Household Reference Person** (HRP)? *This is the person who would be considered to be the head of the household.* Please circle a response for each category that applies to each person. Please start by giving the age of the Household Reference Person and then **work down the categories**, circling the appropriate response

appropriate response. $\psi\psi\psi\psi\psi\psi\psi\psi$										
Person:	HRP	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Age on last birthday:										
Gender Male	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Female	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Your Household HRP	1									
Relationship to HRP: Partner (married)		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Partner (cohabiting)		3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Partner (civil partnership)		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Child		5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Parent		6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Other Relative		7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Lodger Other non-relative		8 9								
		9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Employment Status	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Self Employed Working full-time	2	2	2	1 2	2	2	2	2	2	1 2
Working run-time Working part-time	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Not working short term (< 1 year)	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Not working long term (> 1 year)	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Retired (excludes looking after home)	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Student (further / higher education)	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Permanent Sick/Disabled	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Looking after family/home	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Other, including schoolchild	10	10	1	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
			0							
Marital Status										
Single (never married)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Married (first marriage)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Re-married	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Civil Partnership	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Separated (but still legally married)	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Divorced (but not legally remarried)	6 7									
Widowed (but not legally remarried) Ethnic Group	/		/		/	/	/	/	1	1
White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Chinese	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Irish Traveller	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Indian	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Pakistani	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Bangladeshi	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Black Caribbean	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Black African	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Mixed Ethnic (please specify)	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Other, please specify	10	10	1	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Black other (please specify)	11	11	0	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
			1							
Blatianality			1							
Nationality British	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Irish	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 2	2	2	2	1 2
Northern Irish	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Portuguese	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Latvian	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Lithuanian	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Polish	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Nigerian	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Other (please specify)	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9

Q5. Can you please indicate the approximate **total GROSS WEEKLY/MONTHLY/ ANNUAL income** from all sources for yourself and your partner (if you have one). That will be the amount before deductions of income tax, National Insurance and other compulsory deductions. Please take into account any money you may have from employment including bonuses, overtime, pensions and state pensions, benefits and interests from savings. Exclude money you may receive from other members of the household.

Please circle one response only

Less than £96 per week	Less than £417 per month	Less than £5,000 per year	1
£97 - £192 per week	£418 - £833 per month	£5,000 - £9999 per year	2
£193 - £288 per week	£834 - £1,250 per month	£10,000 - £14,999 per year	3
£289 - £385 per week	£1,251 - £1,667 per month	£15,000 - £19,999 per year	4
£386 - £481 per week	£1,668 - £2,083 per month	£20,000 - £24,999 per year	5
£482 - £577 per week	£2,084 - £2,500 per month	£25,000 - £29,999 per year	6
£578 - £673 per week	£2,501 - £2,917 per month	£30,000 - £34,999 per year	7
£674 - £769 per week	£2,918 - £3,333 per month	£35,000 - £39,999 per year	8
£770 - £962 per week	£3,334 - £4,167 per month	£40,000 - £49,999 per year	9
£963 or more per week	£4,168 or more per month	£50,000 or more per year	10
Refused	Refused	Refused	77
Don't know	Don't know	Don't know	88

Q6. Does the Household Reference Person or partner (if applicable) receive any of the following benefits? (If no partner code N/A)

Please circle a response for each benefit the household reference person and

partner, if applicable, receives.

	Hou		d Refere	nce
	Yes	No	Refuse d	Don 't kno w
Child Benefit	1	2	7	9
A Disability Benefit	1	2	7	9
Incapacity Benefit	1	2	7	9
Housing Benefit	1	2	7	9
Income Support	1	2	7	9
Jobseeker's Allowance	1	2	7	9
Retirement Pension (inc works pension)	1	2	7	9
Working Tax Credit	1	2	7	9
Child Tax Credit	1	2	7	9
Pension Credit	1	2	7	9
Other Benefits, please specify	1	2	7	9

Partner					
Yes	No	Refuse d	Not applicabl e	Don't know	
1	2	7	8	9	
1	2	7	8	9	
1	2	7	8	9	
1	2	7	8	9	
1	2	7	8	9	
1	2	7	8	9	
1	2	7	8	9	
1	2	7	8	9	
1	2	7	8	9	
1	2	7	8	9	
1	2	7	8	9	

Q7. The Housing Executive has a policy of promoting complete equality in the provision of housing and housing related services in Northern Ireland. In order to help monitor this it would be helpful if you would describe the religious composition of this household.

Please circle one response only

			, , , ,	450 011 010 1	erre resper	100 01119
Protestant	Catholic	Mixed Religion Protestant/Catholic	Other	None	D\K	Refused
1	2	3	4	5	8	7

28.	Have you any other comments you would like to make about life in the Inner North Belfast Neighbourhood Renewal area?
_	

End of Questionnaire

THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR HELP

Appendix 3: Tabular analysis

Socio-economic profile

Table 1.1: Age of HRP

Tubio III 7 igo er i III	Number	%
16-24	5	3
25-39	37	21
40-59	60	35
60-74	35	20
75+	15	9
No response/refused	22	12
Total	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 1.2: Gender of HRP by Age of HRP

		16-24	25-39	40-59	60-74	75+	Refused/ No response	Total %
Male	No.	2	16	32	26	9	6	91
	%	40	43	53	74	60	27	52
Female	No.	3	21	28	9	6	3	70
	%	60	57	47	26	40	14	40
No	No.	-	-	-	-	-	13	13
response	%	-	-	-	-	-	59	8
Total	No.	5	37	60	35	15	22	174
	%	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 1.3: Age of all household members

	Number	%
15 and less	68	21
16-24	32	10
25-39	62	19
40-59	74	23
60-74	47	15
75+	17	5
Refused/	20	7
no response	20	,
Total	320	100

Base: 320 (all respondents: 174 households)

Table 1.4: Employment status of HRP

	Number	%
Working full-time	34	20
Working part-time	14	8
Self employed	4	2
Not working long-term (>1 year)	2	1
Not working short-term (<1 year)	12	7
Looking after family/home	12	7
Permanent sick/disabled	39	22
Retired (excludes looking after home)	39	22
Student	2	1
No response	16	10
Total	174	100

Table 1.5: Household type

Household type definitions	Number	Inner North Belfast 2014 %
Lone Adult (lone person below pensionable age – 65 years for men, 60 years for women)	47	27
Lone Older (lone person of pensionable age – 65 years for men, 60 years for women)	29	17
Lone Parent (sole adult living with dependent child(ren) < 16)	19	11
Two Adults (two people – related or unrelated – below pensionable age)	14	8
Small family (any two adults – related or unrelated – living with 1 or 2 dependent children < 16)	12	7
Large Adult (three or more adults – related or unrelated – and no dependent children < 16)	12	7
Two Older (two people – related or unrelated – at least one of whom is of pensionable age)	11	6
Large Family (any two adults – related or unrelated – living with more than 2 dependent children < 16)	5	3
Not enough information supplied to classify household type	25	14
TOTAL	174	100

Table 1.6: Annual household Income

	Number	%
Less than £10,000	60	35
£10,000 to £14,999	31	18
£15,000 to £19,999	8	5
£20,000 to £29,999	14	8
£30,000 or more per year	6	3
Refusal	20	11
Don't know	22	13
No response	13	7
Total	174	100

Table 1.7: Benefits

Benefits received	Household Reference Person (%)	Partner (%)
Housing Benefit	40	2
A Disability Benefit	29	6
Retirement Pension	21	20
Child Benefit	21	4
Child Tax Credit	14	4
Income Support	12	-
Pension Credit	12	4
Incapacity Benefit	12	-
Working Tax Credit	11	-
Jobseekers Allowance	9	4
Other including Carer's Allowance	8	1

Base: 174 (all respondents): 51 (Partners)

Table 1.8: Does any member of your household have a disability that affects their normal day to day activities?

day to day activities:			
	Number	%	
Yes	80	46	
No	92	53	
No response	2	1	
Total	174	100	

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 1.9: How many members of your household have a disability that affects their normal day to day activities?

	Number	%
One	71	89
Two or more	9	11
Total	80	100

Base: 80 respondents with one or more disabled members in their household

Table 1.10: Household religion

	Number	%
Protestant	77	44
Catholic	73	42
Other/No religion	13	7
Mixed Catholic/Protestant	3	2
Refused/no response	8	5
Total	174	100

Table 1.11: Ethnicity of HRP

	Number	%
White	158	91
Other	3	1
No response/refused	13	8
Total	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 1.12: Nationality of HRP

	Number	%
British	86	49
Irish	51	29
Northern Irish	19	11
Other	4	3
No response	14	8
Total	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Characteristics of the home and area

Table 2.1: Tenure

	Number	%
Social Housing	102	59
Owner Occupier	54	31
Rent privately	18	10
Total	174	100

Table 2.2: Length of time living in Inner North Belfast NRA

	Number	%
15 years or more	121	70
10 years or more but less than 15	12	7
5 years or more but less than 10	13	7
1 year or more but less than 5	18	10
Up to 1 year	10	6
Total	174	100

Table 2.3: Where did you live immediately before your present home?

	Number	%
Within this Neighbourhood Renewal Area	107	61
Outside Belfast Council area	22	13
Outside Inner North Belfast NRA but within the Belfast Council Area	19	11
Have never lived anywhere else	26	15
Total	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 2.4: Tenure by length of time living in Inner North Belfast NRA

			All		
		Social Housing	Owner occupier	Rent privately	TOTAL
Un to 1 year	No	7	0	3	10
Up to 1 year	%	7	0	17	6
1 year or more but less than F	No	8	4	6	18
1 year or more but less than 5	%	8	7	33	10
5 years or more but loss than 10	No	7	4	2	13
5 years or more but less than 10	%	7	7	11	7
10 years or more but less than 15	No	9	3	0	12
To years of more but less than 15	%	9	6	0	7
15 years or more	No	71	43	7	121
15 years or more	%	76	80	39	70
Tatal	No	102	54	18	174
Total	%	100	100	100	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 2.5: Which of the following best describes your home?

	Number	%
House	121	69
Flat/apartment	48	28
Bungalow	5	3
Total	174	100

Table 2.6: Do you have central heating in your home?

	Number	%
Yes – full	171	98
Yes – partial	2	1
No	1	1
Total	174	100

Table 2.7: What is your main source of heating?

	Number	%
Mains gas	114	66
Oil fired with radiators	35	20
Economy 7	20	11
Solid fuel glass fronted fire – with radiators	5	3
Total	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 2.8: How satisfied are you with the following aspects of your heating system?

	satis	ery sfied/ sfied	Neit	ther	Ve	isfied/ ery tisfied	То	tal
	No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%
The control over the level of heat	132	76	24	14	18	10	174	100
The type of heating system	128	74	17	10	29	16	174	100
Ease of using the system	127	73	23	13	24	14	174	100
The amount of heat that you can get	123	71	14	8	37	21	174	100
The cost of running your system	89	51	27	16	58	33	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 2.9: In the last 12 months, have you ever been unable to adequately heat your home?

	Number	%
Yes	51	29
No	123	71
Total	174	100

Table 2.10: Factors in your inability to heat your home?

	Y	Yes		lo
	No	%	No	%
Low household income	33	65	18	35
Cost of domestic fuel	27	53	24	47
Money needed for other priorities	27	53	24	47
Other factors	6	12	45	88

Base: 51 (respondents who have been unable to adequately heat their home in the last 12 months)

Table 2.11: Specified other reasons for inability to heat home

	Number
System breaking down/inefficient	5
Change from oil to gas	1
Total	6

Base: 6 (respondents who gave another reason for their inability to adequately heat their home)

Table 2.12: Overall, how satisfied or dissatisfied are you with your home?

	Number	%
Very satisfied/satisfied	122	70
Neither satisfied nor		
dissatisfied	23	13
Dissatisfied/very dissatisfied	29	17
Total	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 2.13: Reasons for dissatisfaction with home

	Number
Repairs required	14
Health reasons and property not	0
suitable	O
Difficult to heat	7
Property damp	6
ASB reasons	6
Total	41

Base: 29 (respondents who were dissatisfied with the home who gave 41 reasons)

Table 2.14:Do you intend to buy your home from the Housing Executive / Housing Association within the next 2 years?

	Number	%
Yes	3	3
No	94	92
Don't know/no response	5	5
Total	102	100

Base: 102 (respondents who were Housing Executive or Housing Association tenants)

Table 2.15:Have you applied to the Housing Executive / Housing Association for a transfer from your present property in the last 2 years?

	Number	%
Yes	12	12
No	87	88
Total	99	100

Base: 99 (respondents who did not – or did not know if they – intend to buy their home)

Table 2.16:Do you intend to apply for a Housing Executive / Housing Association transfer within the next 12 months?

	Number	%
Yes	7	8
No	80	92
Total	87	100

Base: 87 (respondents who did not intend to apply for a transfer)

Table 2.17: Where do you wish to transfer?

	Number
Within the local area	17
To a different area	1
No response	1
Total	19

Base: 19 (respondents who had applied for a transfer or who intend to apply within the next 12 months)

Table 2.18: Reason for applying for a transfer

	Number
ASB reasons	12
Property not suitable	9
Repairs required and difficult to heat	3
Health reasons	3
Other, rats in area	1
No response	1
Total	29

Base: 17 (respondents who gave 29 comments)

Inner North Belfast NRA

Table 3.1: Perceptions about the local area

	Stroi agr Agre litt	ee/ ee a	Nei	ther	Disag litt Stro disag	le/ ngly	_	on't ow		lo onse	TO	TAL
	No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%
I really feel part of the community	104	60	33	19	29	17	6	3	2	1	174	100
I feel proud to come from this area	97	56	40	23	28	16	6	3	3	2	174	100
I'm embarrassed to bring people to this area	48	28	29	17	88	51	4	2	1	3	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 3.2: Would you say that, overall, this area is...

	Number	%
Changing for the better	49	28
Not really changing	83	48
Changing for the worse	42	24
Total	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 3.3: Perceived reasons why the local area is changing

Changing for the better Changing for the worse					
onanging for the series	No.	%	emanging for the money	No.	%
Good area to live and good housing	12	21	ASB in the area	30	41
Renovation and new build	9	16	Derelict dwellings	9	12
Less ASB	9	16	Drug dealing in area	7	10
People working together to improve the area	8	14	Too many private rentals and immigrants	7	10
Area cleaned up and murals removed	6	10	Dogs fouling and barking	6	8
More facilities	3	5	Shops closing and decline in population	4	6
No comment	11	18	Others, no parking, rubbish; new Holylands	7	10
			No comment	2	3

Base: 49 respondents who gave 58 reasons

Base: 42 respondents who gave 72 reasons

Table 3.4A: How much of a problem are the following issues in your area? By area we mean within a15-minute walk (%).

	Very big problem	Fairly big problem	Not a very big problem	No problem at all	No Response	Total
Rubbish or litter lying about	26	23	28	22	1	100%
Vandalism, graffiti and other deliberate damage to property or vehicles	21	18	32	29	-	100%
Teenagers hanging around on streets	17	22	34	26	1	100%
People using or dealing in drugs	21	17	28	34	-	100%
People being drunk or rowdy in public places	12	17	33	38	-	100%
Noisy neighbours or loud parties	9	8	32	50	1	100%
Abandoned or burnt out cars	3	6	33	58	-	100%

Table 3.4B: Perceptions of ASB in the Inner North Belfast NRS area

	Number	%
Score of 10 or less	119	68
Score of 11 or more	55	32
TOTAL	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 3.5: How much is your own quality of life affected by fear of crime on a scale of 1 to 10 (1 = no effect to 10 = total effect)

	Number	%
1 – 3 (minimum effect)	87	50
4 – 7 (moderate effect)	59	34
8 -10 (fear of crime)	26	15
Not stated	2	1
Total	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 3.6: How safe do you feel walking alone in this area during the day?

	Number	%
Very safe	77	44
Fairly safe	72	41
A bit unsafe	20	12
Very unsafe	5	3
Total	174	100

Table 3.7: Why do you not feel safe walking alone in this area during the day?

	Number
Ill/sick/disabled	6
Fear of being mugged or physically attacked	5
Fear of becoming a victim of crime	5
Fear of being subjected to or witnessing ASB	3
Family responsibilities	2
Fear of receiving verbal abuse	1
Young people hanging around	1
Fear of burglary/vandalism	1
People using or dealing drugs	1
Total	25

Base: 25 (respondents who do not feel safe walking alone in the area during the day)

Table 3.8: How safe do you feel when you are alone in your own home at night (if you are never alone at night, how safe would you feel)?

	Number	%
Very safe	51	29
Fairly safe	82	47
A bit unsafe	31	18
Very unsafe	10	6
Total	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 3.9: How safe do you feel walking alone in this area after dark?

	Number	%
Very safe	24	14
Fairly safe	65	37
A bit unsafe	56	32
Very unsafe	29	17
Total	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 3.10: Why do you not feel safe walking around this area after dark?

	Number	%
Fear of being mugged or physically attacked	23	27
Fear of becoming a victim of crime	16	19
III/sick/disabled	9	11
Fear of being subject to or witnessing anti-social behaviour	12	14
Fear of receiving verbal abuse	3	3
Young people hanging around	6	7
People using or dealing drugs	5	6
Fear of burglary/vandalism	7	8
Family responsibilities	2	2
Others, strangers in area and poor street lighting	2	2
Total	85	100

Base: 85 (respondents who feel unsafe walking around the area after dark)

Table 3.11: Policing in the Area

Table 3.11: Poli	Stro agı	ngly	Ten agı		agre	ther ee or gree		d to gree	Stro disa	ngly gree		n't ow	_	No oonse	TO	ΓAL
	No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%
The Police would treat you with respect if you contact them for any reason	44	25	55	32	32	18	6	3	7	4	21	12	9	5	174	100
The Police understand the issues that affect this community	35	20	51	29	30	17	14	8	10	6	25	14	9	5	174	100
Taking everything into account I have confidence in the police in this area	36	21	41	24	38	22	12	7	18	10	20	11	9	5	174	100
The Police treat everyone fairly regardless of who they are	28	16	48	28	37	21	13	7	15	9	24	14	9	5	174	100
The Police can be relied on to be there when we need them	27	16	39	22	36	21	19	11	16	9	27	15	10	6	174	100
The Police could be relied on to deal with minor crimes	25	14	44	25	40	23	21	12	13	8	22	13	9	5	174	100
The Police are dealing with things that matter to people in the community	23	13	38	22	44	25	20	12	13	7	27	16	9	5	174	100

Neighbourhood Renewal

Table 4.1: Are you aware of any physical changes that have improved your neighbourhood in the last 12 months?

	Number	%
Yes	35	20
No	139	80
Total	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 4.2: Changes to neighbourhood identified by respondents

	Number	%
New houses being built	13	28
Garden area and park improved	10	22
Repairs carried out in area	10	22
Removal of murals and area cleaned up	5	12
Outdoor gym; dog walking area and cycle path	4	8
Improved roads and Grove demolished	4	8
Total number of responses	46	100

Base: 35 respondents that gave 46 responses

Table 4.3: Are there any important issues in your neighbourhood that you think need to be addressed?

nicea to be addressed				
	Number	%		
Yes	83	48		
No	91	52		
Total	174	100		

Table 4.4: Important issues that respondents think need to be addressed

	Number of responses	%
Deal with ASB	41	27
Clean up the area	25	16
Leisure Centre; facilities for elderly and young	18	12
More housing and regeneration	13	8
Dog fouling	11	7
More policing, alley gates and CCTV	10	6
Lots of derelict dwellings and waste ground	10	7
High number of break-ins	5	3
Too many private rentals and immigrants	6	4
More bus shelters, street lighting; police; shops	8	5
Others; deal with marches; football crowds and rats	5	3
No response	1	2
Total number of responses	153	100

Base: 83 respondents who gave 153 responses

Table 4.5: Facilities/services/activities in the area

	Aware	Those wh	no use
	of %	Number	%
Mother and toddler group	52	19	21
Youth Activities	49	23	27
Sports Facilities	48	21	26
Facilities for senior citizens	42	14	19
Pre/extended school play group	39	20	30
Adult education classes	36	10	16

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 4.6: Facilities/Services needed that are not already available

	Number	%
More facilities for young persons and elderly	31	27
Leisure Centre	20	17
Park or playground facilities and child care	9	8
Clean area up	4	3
New build and regeneration	4	3
Others, CCTV, allotments; jobs; less private rental, shops	9	8
Do nothing/don't know	39	34
Total number of responses	116	100

Base: 174 (93 respondents who gave 116 responses)

Table 4.7: Do you know about the Neighbourhood Warden Service provided by the Housing Executive?

	Number	%
Yes	24	14
No	150	86
Total	174	100

Table 4.8: Have you ever used the service?

rabio noi maro you oron		
	Number	
Yes	9	
No	15	
Total	24	

Base: 24 respondents who knew about the Neighbourhood Warden Service

Table 4.9: How satisfied or dissatisfied were you with the service you received?

	Number
Very satisfied/quite satisfied	6
Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied	1
Dissatisfied/very dissatisfied	2
Total	9

Base: 9 respondents who had used the Neighbourhood Warden Service

Table 4.10: Satisfaction with emptying of general household waste and wheelie bins

	Number	%
Satisfactory	151	87
Unsatisfactory	22	13
No response	1	-
Total	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 4.11: Why is emptying of general household waste unsatisfactory?

	Number
Need emptied more often	7
Don't always empty	6
Don't always return	3
Have to take through house and illegal dumping	2
Not stated	4
Total	22

Base: 22 respondents who found the emptying of household waste to be unsatisfactory

Table 4.12: Satisfaction with emptying of recycling bins

	Number	%
Satisfactory	158	91
Unsatisfactory	15	9
No response	1	-
Total	174	100

Table 4.13: Why is emptying of recycling bins unsatisfactory?

	Number
Don't always emptied	5
Rubbish left lying	3
Not empties often enough/don't lift if incorrect items put in	3
Don't always return	2
Should have proper bins	1
No response	1
Total	15

Base: 15 respondents who found the emptying of recycling bins to be unsatisfactory

Table 4.14: Repairing of roads and pavements

	Number	%
Satisfactory	136	78
Unsatisfactory	34	20
No response	4	2
Total	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 4.15: Why is repairing of roads and pavements unsatisfactory?

	Number
Poor condition; lots of holes and uneven	15
Poor service	7
No longer done	2
Too many cars parked	1
Not stated	9
Total	34

Base: 34 respondents who found the repairing of roads and pavements unsatisfactory

Table 4.16: Satisfaction with street sweeping

	Number	%
Satisfactory	150	86
Unsatisfactory	23	13
No response	1	1
Total	174	100

Table 4.17: Why is street sweeping unsatisfactory?

	Number
Always litter/areas not covered	8
Not done often enough	7
Never see it being done	3
Don't know	1
Not stated	4
Total	23

Base: 23 respondents who had found the street sweeping service to be unsatisfactory

Table 4.18: Satisfaction with clearing of road drains

	Number	%
Satisfactory	138	79
Unsatisfactory	33	19
No response	3	2
Total	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 4.19: Why is clearing of road drains unsatisfactory?

	Number
Drains block/flood	12
Never see it done	8
Needs to be done more regularly	4
Not stated	9
Total	33

Base: 33 respondents who found the clearing of road drains to be unsatisfactory

Table 4.20: Satisfaction with street lighting

<u> </u>		
	Number	%
Satisfactory	151	87
Unsatisfactory	22	13
No response	1	1
Total	174	100

Table 4.21: Why is street lighting unsatisfactory?

	Number
Not enough lighting	10
Not bright enough	5
Often faulty	4
Not stated	3
Total	22

Base: 22 respondents who had found the provision of street lighting to be unsatisfactory

Table 4.22: Policing in the area

	Number	%
Satisfactory	127	73
Unsatisfactory	43	25
No response	4	2
Total	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 4.23: Why is policing in the area unsatisfactory?

	Number
Never see them	13
Not enough police	11
Only deal with major crimes	4
Don't deal with marches	1
Not stated	14
Total	43

Base: 43 respondents who had found the policing service to be unsatisfactory

Table 4.24: Satisfaction with bus services

	Number	%
Satisfactory	161	93
Unsatisfactory	12	7
No response	1	-
Total	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 4.25: Why are bus services unsatisfactory?

	Number
Bus service not regular	5
Not stated	7
Total	12

Base: 12 respondents who had found bus services to be unsatisfactory

Table 4.26: Satisfaction with provision of bus shelters

	Number	%
Satisfactory	124	71
Unsatisfactory	49	28
No response	1	-
Total	174	100

Table 4.27: Why is the provision of bus shelters unsatisfactory?

	Number
None in the area	18
Not enough	12
Vandalised	5
Not stated	14
Total	49

Base: 49 respondents who had found the provision of bus shelters to be unsatisfactory

Table 4.28: Satisfaction with maintenance of open green spaces

	Number	%
Satisfactory	148	85
Unsatisfactory	21	12
No response	5	3
Total	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 4.29: Why is the maintenance of open green spaces unsatisfactory?

	Number
Litter/dog foul/wasteland	5
Not maintained	4
There is no green area	4
Not stated	8
Total	21

Base: 21 respondents who had found the maintenance of open green spaces to be unsatisfactory

Table 4.30: Satisfaction with weeding of footpaths and alleyways

	Number	%
Satisfactory	117	67
Unsatisfactory	55	32
No response	2	1
Total	174	100

Table 4.31: Why is the weeding of footpaths and alleyways unsatisfactory?

	Number
Have never seen it done	16
Not weeded often enough	11
Not done properly/alleyways not done	11
Not stated	17
Total	55

Base: 55 respondents who had found the weeding of footpaths and alleyways to be unsatisfactory

Table 4.32: Does your area have a community/residents' association?

	Number	%
Yes	56	32
No	11	6
Don't know	104	60
No response	3	2
Total	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 4.33: Can you state the name of your local community/residents' association?

	Number	%
Carrickhill Community Centre	5	9
Mount Vernon Community	4	7
House	4	/
New Lodge	3	5
Newington Residents Assoc	3	5
Shore Crescent; Tiger's Bay RA; STAR; The HUBB; Nth Queen Street;	12	22
Upper Long St (2 respondents each)	12	22
TKD; Victoria; Camberwell Terr RA;		
Holy Family Youth Centre; Friends of	5	9
the Grove (1 respondent each)		
Don't know	18	32
No response	6	11
Total	56	100

Base: 56 (respondents whose area has a community/residents' association)

Table 4.34: Do you feel the local community/residents' association is representative of the local community as a whole?

	Number	%
Yes	33	59
No	7	11
Don't know	16	29
Total	56	100

Base: 56 (respondents whose area has a community/residents association)

Table 4.35: Why do you feel the local community/resident association is not representative of the local community as a whole?

	Number
Not always informed/don't know what they do	2
Don't involve everyone/only a few attend	2
Don't deal with issues	1
No response	2
Total	7

Base: 7 (respondents who feel the community group is not representative of the local community)

Table 4.36: Would you consider joining a local community/residents' association?

	Number	%
Yes	19	11
No	113	65
Don't know	39	22
Already a member	3	2
Total	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 4.37: Were you aware that your household lies within the Inner North Belfast NRA?

	Number	%
Yes	54	31
No	120	69
Total	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 4.38: Did you contribute to the consultation process for the development of the Neighbourhood Renewal Action Plan?

	Number
Yes	5
No	40
Don't know/no response	9
Total	54

Base: 54 (respondents who were aware their household lies within the Inner North Belfast NRA)

Table 4.39: Level of involvement

	Number
Via Resident's Group	2
Went to meetings	2
No response	1
Total	5

Base: 5 (respondents who contributed to the consultation process)

Table 4.40: Please tell us your main reason why you did not contribute to the consultation process?

p. 0000.	
	Number
Didn't know about it	10
I wasn't asked	5
Too old/didn't have time/not interested	5
Just talking shops	2
Don't know/Not stated	20
Total	42

Base: 42 (respondents who did not contribute to the consultation process)

Well-Being

Table 5.1

Gender	Number	Mean
Inner North Belfast Mean	149	47
Male	79	47
Female	70	46
Northern Ireland Mean		50

Base: 149 respondents who answered 6 or more of the questions

Education

Table 6.1: To what extent do you agree/disagree with the following statements? relating to education?

	ag agı	ongly ree/ ree a ttle	Neit	her	Disagi little/str disag	rongly	knov	on't w/no onse	TO	TAL
	No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%
Children at school in Northern Ireland get a good education	152	87	9	5	4	3	9	5	174	100
Staying at school is important if you want to get a good job	129	74	22	13	8	5	15	8	174	100
I enjoyed my time at school	121	69	21	12	20	12	12	7	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 6.2: Are you (or is your partner) the parent or legal guardian of any children between the ages of 4 and 18 who are at school

	Number	%
Yes	39	22
No	135	78
Total	174	100

Base: 174 (all respondents)

Table 6.3: What year is your child (or if more than one child, your eldest child) in at school?

	Number	%
Year 1 (P1) to Year 7 (P7)	14	36
Year 8 (Form 1) to Year 14 (Upper sixth)	25	64
Total	39	100

Base: 39 respondents with school-age children

Table 6.4: Please indicate the extent to which you agree or disagree with the following statements:

	Strongly agree/ Agree a little		Neither		Disagree a little/ Strongly disagree		little/ Strongly		TO	ΓAL
	No	%	No	%	No	%	No	%		
My child's school gives me clear information on how my child is getting on	36	92	2	5	1	3	39	100		
I find my child's school welcoming to parents	36	92	2	5	1	3	39	100		
My child's school is well led and well managed	35	90	3	7	1	3	39	100		
My child's school is a good school	35	90	2	5	2	5	39	100		

Base: 39 respondents with school-age children

Table 6.5: I am now going to read out a list of responsibilities parents have told the Department of Education about. For each one can you tell me how important it is to you?

	Very important		Quite important		Not very important		TOTAL	
	No.	%	No	%	No	%	No	%
Making sure your child attends school regularly and on time.	39	97	1	3	-	1	39	100
Helping your child with schoolwork	36	92	3	8	-	-	39	100

Base: 39 respondents with school-age children

Table 6.6: Sometimes parents take their child out of school during term time, for example, on a family break or holiday. Would you consider doing this yourself?

	Number	%
Yes	14	36
No	25	64
Total	39	100

Base: 39 respondents with school-age children

Table 6.7: How involved do you personally feel in your child's school life?

	Number	%
Very involved	24	61
Fairly involved	14	36
Not at all involved	1	3
Total	39	100

Base: 39 respondents with school-age children

Table 6.8: Do you go to parent-teacher meetings?

	Number	%
Yes	36	92
No	13	8
Total	39	100

Base: 39 respondents with school-age children

Table 6.9: Involvement in local schools

	Yes		No		TOTAL	
	No	%	No	%	No	%
Go to parent/teacher meetings	36	92	3	8	39	100
Help out with the dinner duties/school trips and	8	21	31	79	39	100
so on						
Involved with Parent/Teacher Association (PTA)	4	10	35	90	39	100
Help out with school clubs/classroom	3	8	36	92	39	100

Base: 39 respondents with school-age children

Table 6.10: How often do you help your child with their homework?

		Inner North Belfast	
	Number	Number %	
Every time	19	49	34
Most times	9	23	18
Occasionally	6	15	28
Never	1	3	11
Other	4	10	8
Total	39	100	100

Base: 39 respondents with school-age children (Inner North Belfast NRS only)
*Note: Others include: don't get homework; when the child asks for help,

Table 6.11: How confident do you/would you feel helping your child with their homework?

	Inner North Belfast		NIOS 2010
	Number	%	%
Always confident	9	23	34
Confident most of the time	16	41	18
Confident some of the time	10	26	28
Depends what it is	2	5	8
Never confident	2	5	11
Total	39	100	100

Base: 39 respondents with school-age children (Inner North Belfast NRS only)

Table 6.12: Do you have any children in the household in Year 1 to Year 7?

	Number	%
Yes	23	59
No	16	41
Total	39	100

Base: 39 respondents with school-age children

Table 6.13: What year is your child (eldest primary school child if more than one in the household) in at school?

	Number
Year 1	4
Year 2	2
Year 3	4
Year 4	2
Year 5	1
Year 6	4
Year 7	5
Total	23

Base: 23 respondents with children in primary school

Table 6.14: Please indicate the extent to which you agree or disagree with the following statements.

	Number		
	Strongly agree/agree a little	Neither/nor	Total
My child's school puts enough emphasis on reading and writing skills	22	1	23
My child's school puts enough emphasis on basic numeracy skills/sums	22	1	23

Base: 23 respondents with children in primary school

Table 6.15: Have you ever worked in a school?

	Number	%
Yes	17	10
No	138	79
No response	19	11
Total	174	100

Table 7.1: Final Comments

	Number	%
Happy living in the area, good community spirit	17	16
Not enough housing in the area	10	9
Lots of demolition and waste ground, needs	10	9
regeneration		
Dogs fouling, need area cleaned up	8	7
More activities for youth	4	4
Deal with ASB and bad image	3	4
Discrimination in housing	2	2
Others, more police, more many ethnic mix; no	4	4
community spirit		
Nothing needs done	49	46
Total	107	100

Base: 89 respondents gave 107 comments

Appendix 4: Map of Inner North Belfast Neighbourhood Renewal Area

